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A REVIEW ARTICLE ON AUSHADH KALPANA TO ENHANCING **AGNI**

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ABSTRACT

Ayurveda being a holistic science is treasure of measures of life, health and diseases. The fundamental principles of ayurveda laid down thousands years back are being explored and analyzed again for better understanding and their practical utility. One of such principles is concept of agni. Agni has been said among karana dravyas which are the causal factors for genesis of other factors. Agni has an important role in maintenance of health as evident in definition of health. As per Acharya Charaka ayu (life), varna (luster, complexion), bala (physical and mental strength), swasthya (health), prana (vitality), uthsah (capacity to do difficult tasks), *upchaya* (nourishment of the body), prabha, oja (immunity), teja (vital radiance), dhatvagni and bhutagni are all dependent upon dehagni or jatharagni. In the absence of agni

human being perishes and in its balanced state he remains to be in a state of good health. Derangements of the same leads to many diseases. So it is an important factor for vitality, maintenance of life and health. Hence to maintain the agni different ahara kalpana given in our samhitas.

KEYWORDS: Agni, aushadh, kalpana, dehagni, jatharagni.

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda being a holistic science is treasure of measures of life, health and diseases. The fundamental principles of ayurveda laid down thousands years back are being explored and analyzed again for better understanding and their practical utility. One of such principles is concept of agni. Agni has been said among karana dravyas which are the causal factors for genesis of other factors. Agni has an important role in maintenance of health as evident in definition of health. Agni has an important role in maintenance of health as evident in definition of health. It appears to do difficult tasks, wasthya (health), prana (vitality), uthsah (capacity to do difficult tasks), upchaya (nourishment of the body), prabha, oja (immunity), teja (vital radiance), dhatvagni and bhutagni are all dependent upon dehagni or jatharagni. In the absence of agni human being perishes and in its balanced state he remains to be in a state of good health. Derangements of the same leads to many diseases. So it is an important factor for vitality, maintenance of life and health. Hence to maintain the agni different aushadh dravyas given in our samhitas.

As per the status of doshas in body or the prakriti of an individual the agni has been classified as samagni, vishmagni, tikshangni and mandagni. Samagni is in the balanced state of all doshas and it is a parameter of health too. [5,6] Vishamagni is in the condition of predominance of vata dosha, tikshanagni is in the condition of predominance of pitta dosha and mandagni is in the predominance of kapha dosha. Samagni leads to the health and vishmagni, tiksnagni, mandagni are responsible for development of diseases. Acharya Vagbhata has mentioned that all the diseases arise due to mandagni. [7] When agni becomes weak the number of unwanted by- products of digestion are produced which are known as ama. This ama further on stasis in body attain toxic qualities, vitiate doshas and lead to increase in permeability and sluggishness of strotas i.e. strotorodha. [8] Hence, most of the diseases like gastro-intestinal, allergic, autoimmune disorders and various metabolic disorders have the main causative factor as hypo functioning of agni and formation of ama. This involvement of agni is in the form of mainly mandagni but vishmagni and tikshnagni are also a cause of diseases. For example - gulma, anaha, adhaman, and pakshaghata are because of vishmagni. Atyagni, bhasmaka roga, are because of tikshnagni. [9] This can be understood as in the case hyper-thyrodism. So, the line of treatment of these diseases as per the type of agni for e.g. the use of pachana drugs and deepana drugs to digest the ama^[10] and to improve the strength of agni should be there. In case of vishmagni deepana, pachana medicines should be incorporated with *ghrita* or oil. [11]

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Material related to this topic have been collected from various *ayurveda* classical texts as *Charaka samhita*, *Astang hridayam*, *Sushruta Samhita* and available commentaries on those texts and research articles of concerned subject published in various national and international journals.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVE

To review the aushadh kalpanas to enhancing agni.

AUSHADH KALPANAS FOR ENHANCING AGNI

I. Agni Deepak Dravyas

Table no. 1: Charaka Samhita.

S. No.	Dravyas	References
1.	Agni Deepak Mahakshaya	C. Su. 4/6
2.	Pipli mool, chitraka moola	C. Su. 25/40
3.	Musta , Udichiya	C. Su. 25/40
4.	Katvanga , Amrita	C. Su. 25/40
5.	Bilva, Ativisha, Prishnaparni	C. Su. 25/40
6.	Hinguniryas , Amalvetasa	C. Su. 25/40
7.	Shunthi, Marich	C. Su. 27/296, 298
8.	Hinga, Saindhav	C. Su. 27/299, 300
9.	Vid Lavana	C. Su. 27/302
10.	Kshara, Karvi	C. Su. 27/306, 307
11.	Haritiki	C. Ci. 1/1/29
12.	Bhallataka	C. Ci. 1/2/19
13.	Haritiki	C.Ci 19/18
14.	Kshargada	C.Ci 23/104
15.	Ashtanga lavana	C.Ci 24/178

Table no. 2: Sushruta Samhita.

S. No.	Dravyas	References
1.	Pipladi gana	S.Su. 38/23
2.	Guchiyadi gana	S.Su. 38/50
3.	Triphala gana	S.Su. 38/57
4.	Tikatu gana	S.Su. 38/59
5.	Amlakyadi gana	S.Su. 38/61
6.	Brahta panchmoola	S.Su. 38/70

Table no. 3: Ashtanga Hridaya.

S. No.	Dravyas	References
1.	Hinga	A.H. 6/152
2.	Haritiki	A.H. 6/154
3.	Shunthi	A.H. 6/163

4.	Trikatu	A.H. 6/164
5.	Panchkoola	A.H. 6/166
6.	Amla rasa karma	A.H. 10/10
7.	Guchiyadi gana	A.H. 15/16
8.	Varunadi gana	A.H. 15/21

Table no. 4: Charaka Samhita Yoogas.

S. No.	Yooga	References
1.	Chavyanprash	C. Ci. 1/1/73
2.	Jwara nashaka kashaya	C. Ci. 3/199
3.	Sitopladi churna	C. Ci. 8/104
4.	Talishadi churna	C. Ci. 8/146
5.	Kalyanaka ghrita	C. Ci. 9/38
6.	Saindhavadi churna	C. Ci. 11/87
7.	Ashth shata arishta	C. Ci. 12/33
8.	Chitradi ghrita	C. Ci. 12/56
9.	Chitraka ghrita	C.Ci 12/59
10.	Jivantyadi yavagu	C.Ci 12/61
11.	Narayana churna	C.Ci 13/132
12.	Takrarishta	C.Ci 14/75
13.	Pipliadi ghrit	C.Ci 14/118
14.	Abhyarishta	C.Ci 14/142
15.	Dantyarishta	C.Ci 14/147
16.	Phalarishta	C.Ci 14/152, 157
17.	Sunishnaka chagenri ghrit	C.Ci 14/241
18.	Dashmooladhya ghrit	C.Ci 15/86
19.	Trayaushnadhya ghrit	C.Ci 15/87
20.	Panchmooladhya ghrit	C.Ci 15/93
21.	Chitrakadi gutika	C.Ci 15/97
22.	Pipladhya churna	C.Ci 15/107
23.	Takrarishta	C.Ci 15/121
24.	Madhvarishta	C.Ci 15/166
25.	Kshara ghrit	C.Ci 15/172
26.	Bhunimbadi kshara	C.Ci 15/181
27.	Haridradhya kshara	C.Ci 15/182
28.	Dadima ghrit	C.Ci 16/46
29.	Shilajatu vataka	C.Ci 16/92

II. AGNIVARDHAKA RASAYANA

- i. *Agni* is increased by use of *rasayana*.^[12] Some examples of *agnivardhaka rasayana* are *amalaki*, *haritaki*, formulations of *amalaki* and *haritaki* such as *Brahamrasayana*, *Chyavanprasha* etc.
- ii. Agnibala is to be considered while administrating rasayana such as Brahma rasayana. [13]
- iii. In rasayana context bhallataka has been mentioned as agnivardhakrasayana. [14]

- iv. In addition to this the *medhyarasayana* such as *mandukparni*, *madhuyashti*, *guduchi* and *shank pushpi* are also *agnivardhak*.^[15]
- v. Pippali rasayana is also mentioned as agnivardhaka rasayana.
- vi. Single rasayana such as madhuyashti, vidanga, chitraka are also agnivardhaka.

DISCUSSION

Agni is not only the assessment of digestive system but overall health, longevity, strength and immunity. In the absence of agni human being perishes and in its balanced state he remains to be in a state of good health. Derangements of the same leads to many diseases. So it is an important factor for vitality, maintenance of life and health. Hence to maintain the agni different aushadh kalpanas given in our samhitas.

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- 5. Pandit Kashinath Pandey Dr. Gorkhnath Chaturvedi Charak Samhita (Agniveshkrit) Chaukhambha Vishwabharti Publication Edition: Reprint 2005 Chikitsa Sthana, 15: 461.
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