

# Journal of Ayurveda & Holistic Medicine

www.jahm.co.in

eISSN-2321-1563

CASE REPORT

OPEN ACCESS

APPLICATION OF *VISHAGHNA CHIKITSA* IN THE MANAGEMENT OF *LOOTA VISHA* (SPIDER POISONING) – A CASE REPORT

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ABSTRACT: Visha(poison) is classified into two types i.e Sthavar and Jangam. Sthavar Visha(Plant origin) includes the plants like Vatsnabha, Erand, Kupilu etc and Jangam Visha(Animal origin) includes venomous snakes, insects, spider etc. Ayurveda treatises give detail elaboration of Loota Visha(spider poisoning) its types, symptomatic presentation and management. In India various species of spiders are found. Though spider bites are uncommon in India, rarely fatal symptoms are seen due to the same. The severity of envenomation varies according to species, dose, duration of poisoning. Spider venom can lead to neurotoxic or cytotoxic presentation. A 32 year female patient presented with complaining of Vesicular skin lesions, pain and itching near right elbow since four days. The case was diagnosed as Loota Visha and was effectively managed by adopting Vishaghna Chikitsa principles of Ayurveda. Complete relief was found after 10 days of intervention.

Keywords: Loota, Visha, Spider, Vishagna, Chikitsa

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#### INTRODUCTION

Acharya Sushruta described origin of Loota(spider) from sweat on the forehead of Vasishta Maharshi which felt on grass [1], by this we can understand Pitta Pradhana nature of Loota(spider). Acharyas explained in detail about its Origin, Types, Dosha predominance [2], Fatal period [3], Modes of poisoning [4], Characteristics [5], Signs and Symptoms [6] and Treatment. Most of the spider bites occur while dressing [7], because contaminated material/dress by bodily secretions Loota(spider) serves as a mean of contact poisoning [8]. Usually it causes local irritation, vesicular bullous lesions and burning sensation. Rarely it presents with fatal symptoms. A swelling similar to an urticarial that may be light, black, red, yellow, or greyish, soft, raised, and black or blue in the centre is one of the general symptoms of poisoning. Fine vesicles are erupting everywhere around the spot, giving it a sievelike appearance. Along with various kinds of discomfort and fever, there will be swelling that spreads. Exudation, putrefaction, and loss of deeper tissues result from the bite wound's rapid progression towards tissue death [6]. Acharya Sushruta has named spiders as "Luta" and considers Lootavisha as dangerous due to its difficulty in diagnosis and management.

Spider bites usually causes immediate intense pain, swelling at bite site, severe generalized muscle cramps, fever, lymphadenopathy, hypertension, tachycardia, restlessness. Muscle cramps, intravascular failure hemolysis, acute renal and neurotoxicity are the complications caused by spider bite [9]. Death usually results from infection and not from spider venom [10].

### **CASE REPORT**

A 32-year-old female patient presented with complaints of Vesicular skin lesions on her right elbow associated with pain and itching for four days. She was not a known case of Diabetes, Hypertension, No relevant family history related to above complaints were given by the patient. On taking history related to progression of lesions patient revealed that one fine day after wearing clothes soon after taking bath she felt slight irritation over medial aspect of right elbow which she neglected initially. On third day lesions were developed with irritation and pain but it was mild in nature. Next day as the intensity of complaints increased patient approached to our OPD at Visha Chikitsa Kendra Kannur, Kerala.

## **PERSONAL HISTORY**

Bowel: Clear

Appetite: Good

Micturition: Clear

**Sleep:** Disturbed (due to pain and itching)

**Diet:** Non-Vegetarian

Habits: Nothing specific

## O/E OF WOUND ON 1ST VISIT

• Site: Medial aspect of right elbow

• Symmetry: Asymmetrical

■ **Type**: Vesicular lesion

■ Color: Brownish

Margin: elevated

Secretion: clear watery

Discharge: Watery

• Scaling: peeling of dead skin

Crusting: Present

Tenderness: Mild

#### **TABLE NO 1: DIFFERENCIAL DIAGNOSIS**

DISEASE	INCLUSION	EXCLUSION
Herpes Zoster	Vesiculo bullous lesions	Not following dermatomal
		distribution
Loota Visha	Vesiculo bullous lesions and are	-
	spreading wherever the secretion	
	comes in contact with it.	

## **DIAGNOSIS**

### **INVESTIGATIONS**

Based on history and clinical presentation this

No commercially available laboratory tests.

case was diagnosed as Loota Visha.

## **TABLE NO:2 OUTCOME AND FOLLOWUP**

Follow ups	Clinical presentation	Treatment
1 <sup>st</sup> visit	Asymmetrical brownish	1.Lodrasevyadi Kashay <sup>[11]</sup> 15ml with
(5-9-2022 Fig No	vesicular skin lesions with	45ml of warm water twice daily after
1 and 2)	crusting and elevated margins	food.
	on medial aspect of right elbow	2. <i>Lasunadi Gulika</i> <sup>[12][13]</sup> 1 tablet twice
	joint associated with clear	daily after food.
	watery discharge, mild	3.Kottama Ramachyadi freshly
	tenderness & burning sensation.	prepared K <i>ashaya</i> for washing the
		lesion.
1 <sup>st</sup> follow up	Vesicular skin lesion healed with	1.Neelitulasyadi Kashay <sup>[14][15][16]</sup> 15ml
(13-9-2022 Fig No	crusting and discoloration.	with 45ml of warm water twice daily
3 and 4)	Burning sensation and	after food.

	tenderness reduced.	2.Lasunadi Gulika 1 tablet twice daily
		after food.
		3. <i>Neelitulasyadi Taila</i> for external
		application.
2 <sup>nd</sup> follow up	Skin lesion completely healed	No any medications were adviced
(19-9-2022)	with normal skin colour.	
	Tenderness and discharge	
	reduced completely.	





Fig No 1 and 2: 1st visit

## **DISCUSSION**

Dermatological lesions which are vesiculobullous in nature, mimicking *Lootavisha*(spider





Fig No 3 and 4: 1st follow up

poisoning) in their appearance can be diagnosed and treated successfully by proper history taking. In the present patient it was

observed that the symptoms initiated after the patient had worn her cloths after bath. Cloth serves as a means of contact poisoning; cloth might be contaminated with bodily secretions of Loota. Even the presentation of the skin resembles like the Lakshanas of Luta Visha, the case was diagnosed as Luta Visha(spider poisoning) and the bodily components like Rasa, Rakta, Lasika and Mamsa were vitiated by Pitta Pradhana Tridosha so Vishaghna treatment principles were adopted which includes Vishaana, Kusthaana and Vranaropan. We treated the case successfully with the formulations which are directly mentioned in the context of Loota Visha.

Lodra Sevyadi Yoga is mentioned in Keeta Visha Adhikara in Ashtanga hrudya and also in various traditional Visha Chikitsa textbooks like Visha Jyostnika and Prayoga Samuchaya. It is indicated in all types of Loota Visha. The ingredients of the Yoga contain majority of Tikta, Madhura and Kashaya Rasa Dravyas which are Pitta and Vatahara respectively. As the yoga having ingredients which are having Laghu, Ruksha, Snigdha and Guru Gunas, will helps in easily spreading of the medicine and alleviating the Vata Dosha. As there is Pitta Dosha Pradhanata in this presentation, and the Yoga having Pittahara, Vrana Ropana, Vishagna, Kushtanga and Varnya properties

helps in reducing the burning sensation, itching and pain at the affected site.

Lashunadi Gutika as it is mainly indicated in Loota Visha by Prayoga Samuchchay and Kriya Koumudi. It having ingredients like Lashuna, Vacha, Haridra, Hingu and Shunti which all mainly having Katu, Tikta Rasas and Ushna, Teekshna, Snigdha gunas and Vishahara properties helps in preventing the further complications and reducing the pain at the lesions. If we screen the ingredients of the Yoga, all the drugs are having Vatakaphahara, Kushtaghna, Krimighna, Deepana and Vedana Sthapana actions.

Kottam Ramachyadi Churna having ingredients like Kushta, Ushira, Neelimoola, and Chandana has been advised as the Yoga is having Pitta Shamaka quality. As majority of the Dravyas possess Laghu, Ruksha Guna, Sheeta Veerya and Madhura Vipaka helps in alleviating the severe burning sensation and pain at the affected area. It is having Visarpahara, Vishahara, Kushtaghna, Kandughna and Vranaropana properties.

Neelitulasyadi Kashaya and Taila is mentioned in Prayoga Samuchaya, Kriya Koumudi and Visha Jyostnika in Loota Samanya Chikitsa Adhikara is prescribed because it is having Vishaghna, Kushtaghna, Vedana Sthapana, Rakta Prasadana, Sophahara, Varnya, Daha Prasamana properties. As after the 1<sup>st</sup> visit as

there was reduction in the watery discharge and burning sensation and healing of vesicular bullous lesions, administration of Neelitulasyadi Kashaya and application of the Neelitulasyadi Taila will helps in further healing of Vrana and bringing back the complexion. It can also helps in reducing the itching which may be due to Vata Kapha predominance and the same time balancing the Pitta Dosha.

As during the first visit of the patient, as there was acute manifestation of symptoms which was getting aggravated due to the *Luta Visha*, administration of *Vishaghna Agada Yogas* has prevented the further aggravation and reduced the complications. *Vishagna*, *Pittaraktagna* and *Amaharatva* were achieved due to the medications which were advised on 1st visit. Later in 1st follow up, *Vishaghna*, *Kushtaghna*, and *Varnya* medications were maintained so that which might have contributed in reducing further complications and bringing back the complexion at the affected site.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Ayurveda treatises explained Loota Visha in detail. Many species of spider cause mild to moderate symptoms like local skin lesions, irritation and burning sensation etc and only causes fatality. Loota Visha (spider poisoning) is mainly diagnosed on Hetu(etiology). In any

disease treatment adopted depending on its <code>Hetu</code>(etiology) will also help to get complete rid as early as possible. The same principle is followed in above said case in the form of internal and external <code>Vishaghna yogas</code>, which has helped in reduction of signs and symptoms of the patient within a short period. As there are many <code>Vishghna Yogas</code> explained in <code>Keraleeya Visha Chikitsa</code> textbooks application of them is rare. This case serves as an example by incorporating some of the <code>Vishaghna Yogas</code> explained in the <code>Luta Visha Chikitsa Adhikara</code> of various traditional <code>Visha Chikitsa text books</code> which might have helped in achieving an encouraging result in a shorter time period.

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### **CITE THIS ARTICLE AS**

Ajith Krishnan. M, Komal M Jadhav, Anoopa M, Varsha B Gonugade, Neha K Pol. Application of Vishaghna Chikitsa in the management of Loota Visha (Spider Poisoning) – A Case Report. *J of Ayurveda and Hol Med (JAHM)*. 2023;11(1):81-87

**Conflict of interest:** None **Source of support:** None